



Agenda 2030 – Sexual and Reproductive Health and Rights in the Sustainable Development Goals

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SRHR in the SDGs

- Goal 3: Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all at all ages
 - ❖ Target 3.7: By 2030, ensure **universal access to sexual and reproductive health-care** services, including for family planning, information and education, and the integration of reproductive health into national strategies and programmes



SRHR in the SDGs

- Goal 5: Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls
 - ❖ Target 5.6: Ensure **universal access to sexual and reproductive health and reproductive rights** as agreed in accordance with the ICPD and the Beijing Platform for Action and the outcome documents of their review conferences



Other relevant SDGs

- Goal 1, on **ending poverty** in all its forms everywhere;
- Goal 4 with a focus on **universal primary education**, early childhood development, equal access for women and men to technical, vocational and tertiary education, and adult literacy
- Goal 8, with references to **youth employment**, central to the concept of the **demographic dividend**;
- Goal 10, which speaks broadly to **addressing inequalities and discrimination**, including for migrants;
- Goal 11 on **inclusive urbanization**;
- Goal 16 on promoting **just, peaceful and inclusive societies**, with its targets aimed at ensuring participation and **safety from violence**;
- Goal 17, which calls for **stronger data systems**.

Indicators relevant to SRHR

- **Target 3.7**



- ❖ Indicator 3.7.1: Percentage of women of reproductive age (15-49 years) who have their need for family planning satisfied with modern methods
- ❖ Indicator 3.7.2: Adolescent birth rate (10-14; 15-19 years) per 1,000 women in that age group



- **Target 5.6**

- ❖ Indicator 5.6.1: Proportion of women (aged 15-49 years) **who make their own** sexual and reproductive decisions
- ❖ Indicator 5.6.2: Proportion of countries with **laws and regulations** that guarantee all women and adolescents access to sexual and reproductive health services, information and education



Conclusion/Key points

- SRHR issues are now recognised explicitly and from the outset in the SDGs;
- ICPD PoA is «richer » than SDGs and its implementation needs to be continued;
- Necessary to carve out a space for SRHR in all goals;
- Continued ownership and awareness building of Agenda 2030 at all levels will be essential;



Conclusion/key points ctd.

- Cross-government mechanisms and dynamic country-wide partnerships imperative for Agenda 2030 delivery;
- Ensure all stakeholders play an active role in consultation and delivery;
- Strong & focused engagement required to ensure robust indicators are a) retained and b) included in national & regional processes;
- Governments to make their AAAA commitment to provide social protection systems and measures for all, including SRHR, a reality.